

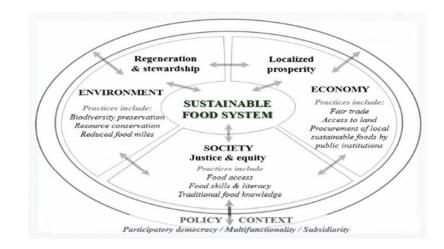


METROPOLI AGRICOLE La sostenibilità dei sistemi alimentari nelle aree metropolitane

Sustainable transformation through city-region food systems

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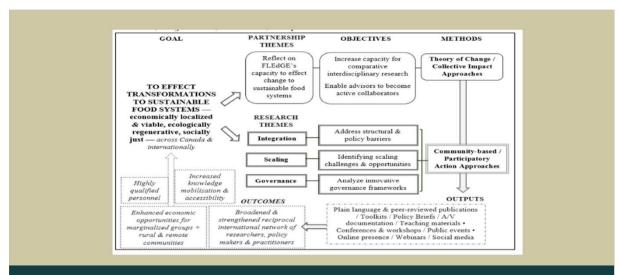


FLEdGE

<u>Food: Locally Embedded</u> <u>Globally Engaged</u>

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Food Hub Case Studies and Survey





What is a food hub?

- Big picture definition
- "Networks and intersections of grassroots, community-based organisations and individuals that work together to build increasingly socially just, economically robust and ecologically sound food systems that connect farmers with consumers as directly as possible" (Blay-Palmer et al., 2013)



What is a food hub?

Survey (practical) definition (2015):

"Food hubs are actual or virtual places through which food is collected and resold to processors, retailers or restaurants. Food hubs can also provide space for other food-related activities including food preparation, handling and/or processing. This survey is interested in local and/or sustainable food."



Purpose of Our Study

- To better understand existing and potential capacity/resiliency of food hubs
- To provide an opportunity for stakeholders to share first hand experiences/observations.
- To identify tangible barriers/challenges both operative and entry level.
- To identify potential policy recommendations, areas for additional funding and or logistical support.

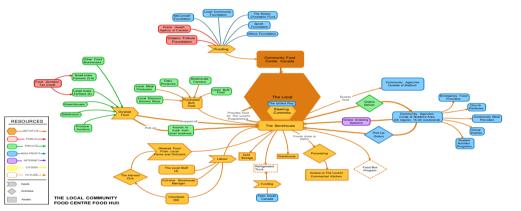


Desired Outcome

- A more vibrant and robust local food distribution system.
- Shorten the gap that exists between eaters and growers.
- Elevating the visibility of the importance local food plays in our society.
- Adding resiliency to the value added food chain.



Food Hub Case Studies





Impacts & Benefits

- Economies of scale Efficiencies and cost savings
- Local economic development Support for local businesses
- Facilitating local/regional food distribution
- Building partnerships & relationships
- Increasing access to fresh, local food
- Increasing food system knowledge



Challenges & Limitations

- Access to capital
- Insufficient supply

Local food, organic food, processed goods

- Transportation and distribution problems
- Dependence on volunteer labour
- Competition from conventional retailers and distributors



Keys to Success

- Build/expand gradually
- Integrate work across food chain
- Engage with the local community Build relationships across different sectors
- Creativity
- Persistence



Opportunities for Innovation: A Student Nutrition Program Pilot Project in Windsor-Essex



This report was prepared by Erin Nelson for the VON Canada, Erie St. Clair District.



Creative Public Procurement for Sustainable Food Systems



University of Toronto



Nottingham-Trent University



University of the Arts, London



Creative Public Procurement

- Integration How can university procurement help integrate sustainable "infrastructure of the middle" into the food system?
- **Scale** How can university procurement help scale up sustainable local food systems?
- **Governance Models** What governance models can embed sustainable local procurement practices into university policy to reduce reliance on individual champions?

What is the role of the non-profit sector in supporting creative public food procurement?

Centre for Sustainable Food Systems



SSOC





Project SOIL

Integration

Food / Health nexus opens doors to conversations, partnerships b/w 1)Civil society, gov't, private sectors 2)Natural, social, health sciences

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Scaling Up and Out Innovative Governance

Demonstration value of food-growing projects co Replication of lessons: what factors allowed for increased scale? Inter-scalar influence of regulations e.g. food safety

New forum for conversations, negotiations b/w Public, private, third sector — and 'no sector' e.g. over appropriate use, control of land and resources





Increasing Access, Knowledge and Consumption of Vegetables and Fruits through Community-led Projects





FoodShare

Integration

Non-profit hub and community food centre *demonstrates, *animates, *trains and *advocates through produce distribution, growing, cooking and school programs

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Scaling Up and Out

From 40 Good Food boxes/month in 1994 to \$2.1 million sales in 2014, Mobile and Good Food Markets, Good Food Box and Bulk Produce to School & Communities now replicated across Canada

Innovative Governance

New third sector supply chain, with civil society lead partnering with public and private sector including strong farm coop sector relationships and innovation



Guelph Centre for Urban Organic Farming

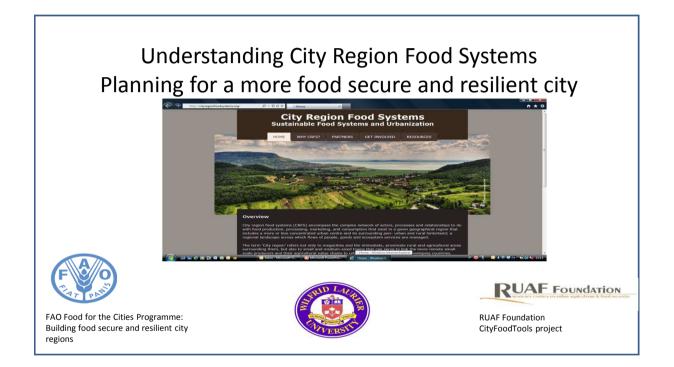


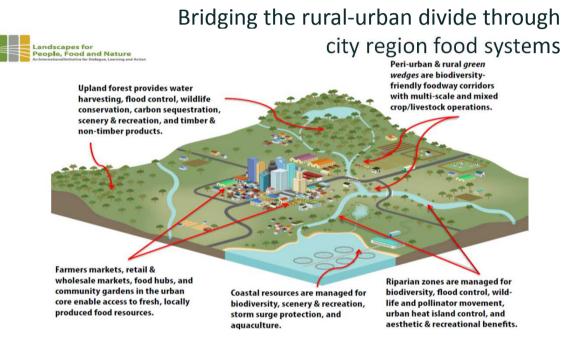


Lessons

- Diversity
- Flexibility
- Innovation
- Sharing, communications
- Realism







Overall purpose of the programme:

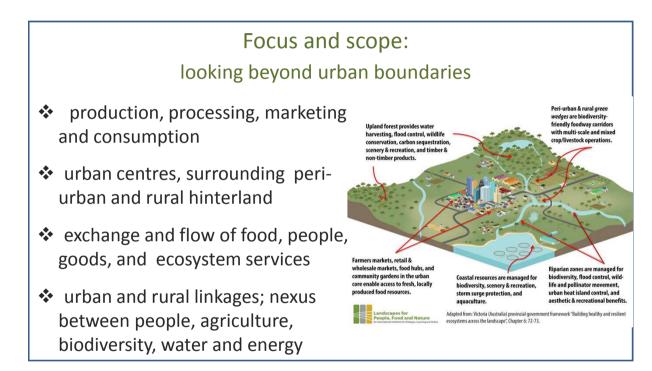
Strengthen capacity of local authorities and other stakeholders within a local food system to improve food and nutrition security of urban dwellers

Reinforce urban-rural linkages for more inclusive, efficient and resilient activities of small scale agriculture within a local food system









Integrated approach: Components of a Food System

Food and Agriculture Natural resource Socio-economic and health factors management Agro-Hunger and Soil and water biodiversity malnutrition Livestock and Land tenure aquaculture food Shifting diets and Food Energy habits markets/supply Food loss and waste Forest and Migration and trees **RUAF** FOUNDATION labour

Food safety and street (sustainable diets)

Define boundaries and flows: area of the study

- •Jurisdictional boundaries: municipality, sub-region, province
- •Natural boundaries: rivers, sea, mountain ridges, watersheds
- •Influence of the city on the region and influence of the region on the city.
- •Transport distance and mode to the city
- •Production potential/capacity in relation to the city' food demand (for at least fresh products)

•Social/cultural exchange, people coming for shopping/recreation to the city etc.







Relevant aspects of the City region food system

- Who feeds the city region; where does the food come from; what and how much food is produced locally in the city region?
- Food processing and manufacturing: which companies prepare/manufacture the food consumed in the city region?
- Food wholesale and distribution: who supplies the food to businesses/markets that sell food to the consumers?
- Food marketing, catering and retail: where do citizens buy their food?
- Food consumption: what do people in the city region eat?

Relevant aspects of the City region food system

- Food and organic waste: where and how much food and organic waste is generated along the food chain and how is it managed?
- What are the strengths and vulnerabilities of the current city region food system
 - To what extent is the current food system resilient to shocks? Which areas, what parts of the food chain and which stakeholders are more vulnerable?
 - What are weaknesses and needs of local smallholders?
- What are the priority areas that need to be addressed What are the 5-10 main critical issues that require further research and in-depth assessment?

